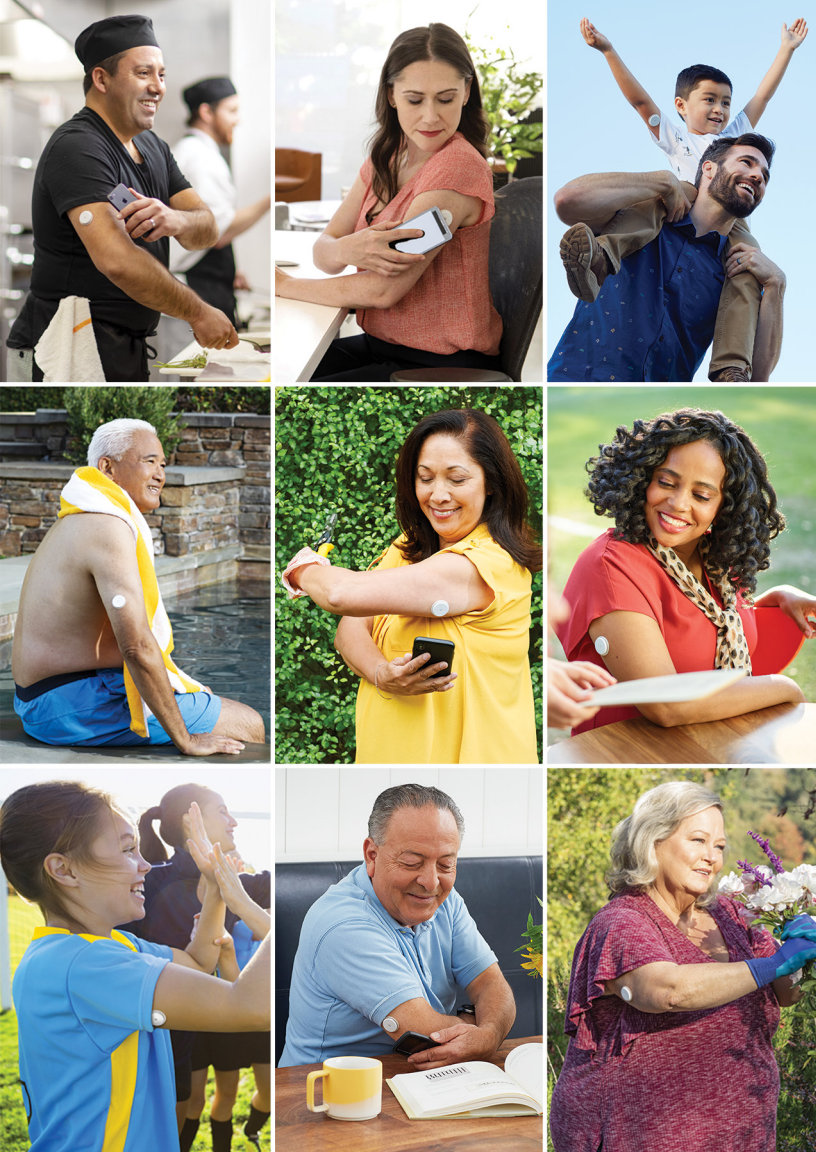




MORE PATIENTS CAN DO IT

WITHOUT LANCETS*

The **FreeStyle Libre 2** system delivers clinical benefits for a broad range of patients


FreeStyle
Libre 2
FLASH GLUCOSE MONITORING SYSTEM



Now available
with optional
glucose alarms



life. to the fullest.®

Abbott

The FreeStyle Libre 2 flash glucose monitoring system is indicated for measuring interstitial fluid glucose levels in people aged 4 years and older with diabetes mellitus. Always read and follow the label/insert. The FreeStyle Libre 2 app and the FreeStyle Libre 2 reader have similar but not identical features. Finger pricks are required if readings do not match symptoms or expectations. The FreeStyle Libre 2 sensor communicates with the FreeStyle Libre 2 reader that started it or the FreeStyle Libre 2 app that started it. The FreeStyle Libre 2 app is only compatible with certain mobile devices and operating systems. Please check the website for more information about device compatibility before using the app. Use of FreeStyle Libre 2 requires registration with LibreView.

* Scanning the sensor does not require lancets.

A major obstacle to glucose monitoring is the pain and hassle of finger pricks^{1,2}

≥3X The recommended times per day for glucose testing by the Diabetes Canada Clinical Practice Guidelines^{3,*}

Patients do not test as often as they should, and many do not achieve optimal glycemic control⁴⁻⁸

Patient adherence to SMBG is low

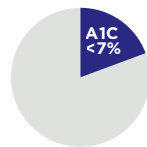


Only **1/3 adhere** to the frequency of SMBG recommended by their HCP¹

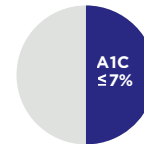


2/3 skip SMBG because it is invasive to their lives²

Many patients fail to achieve their optimal glycemic control



>3/4 using insulin do not achieve their A1C target of <7%⁹



1/2 Canadians with diabetes do not achieve their A1C target of ≤7%¹⁰

Infrequent glucose testing leads to insufficient glucose data for diabetes treatment decisions^{1,2}

SMBG, self-monitoring of blood glucose.

* For diabetes patients using insulin more than once a day. For individuals with type 2 diabetes on once-daily insulin in addition to noninsulin antihyperglycemic agents, testing at least once a day at variable times is recommended. For individuals with type 2 diabetes not receiving insulin therapy, frequency of glucose testing recommendations should be individualized depending on type of antihyperglycemic agents, level of glycemic control, and risk of hypoglycemia.³

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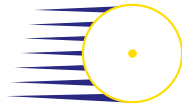


The FreeStyle Libre 2 system – now with optional alarms and no finger pricks*



Reduces A1C

Clinically proven to significantly reduce A1C in type 2 diabetes¹



Easy to Use²

With a painless³ 1-second scan, patients see their current glucose reading, trend arrow, and 8-hour history



Easy to Wear

A small, discreet sensor that is easy to apply and comfortable to wear³ for up to 14 days



Optional, Real-time Glucose Alarms

Let patients know the minute their glucose is too low or too high



Trusted Accuracy

No confirmatory finger pricks required for treatment decisions – even when glucose is low, falling, or rapidly changing*

Data collected with the FreeStyle Libre system. The FreeStyle Libre 2 system has the same features as the FreeStyle Libre system but with optional real-time glucose alarms. Therefore, study data are applicable to both products.

* Finger pricks are required if readings do not match symptoms or expectations.

References: **1.** Kröger J, Fasching P, Hanairé H. Three European retrospective real-world chart review studies to determine the effectiveness of flash glucose monitoring on HbA1c in adults with type 2 diabetes. *Diabetes Ther.* 2020;11(1):279-291. **2.** Data on file, Abbott Diabetes Care Inc. **3.** Haak T, Hanairé H, Aijan R, Hermanns N, Rivelin JP, Rayman G. Flash glucose-sensing technology as a replacement for blood glucose monitoring for the management of insulin-treated type 2 diabetes: a multicenter, open-label randomized controlled trial. *Diabetes Ther.* 2017;8(1):55-73.



Increased glucose monitoring is strongly associated with better diabetes management



Data collected with the FreeStyle Libre system. The FreeStyle Libre 2 system has the same features as the FreeStyle Libre system but with optional real-time glucose alarms. Therefore, study data are applicable to both products.

References: 1. Bolinder J, Antuna R, Geelhoed-Duijvestijn P, Kröger J, Weitgasser R. Novel glucose-sensing technology and hypoglycaemia in type 1 diabetes: a multicentre, non-masked, randomised controlled trial. *Lancet*. 2016;388(10057):2254-2263. 2. Haak T, Hanraire H, Ajjan R, Hermanns N, Riveline JP, Rayman G. Flash glucose-sensing technology as a replacement for blood glucose

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Patients with T2D on different therapies saw significant A1C reductions after using the FreeStyle Libre 2 system^{1,2}

Patients on basal bolus insulin¹



($P < .0001$)

Significant overall A1C reduction in patients with T2D

Patients on long-acting insulin²

Baseline

8.5%

Post

FreeStyle Libre 2 System

7.9%



($P < .0001$)

Significant A1C reduction in patients on long-acting (basal) insulin at 6 months

RWD on change in A1C in patients with T2D taking long-acting insulin therapy after use of the FreeStyle Libre 2 system for 6 months (n = 277) and 12 months (n = 87)

In the 12-month group, patients using the FreeStyle Libre 2 system demonstrated significant A1C reduction of 0.5% ($P = .0014$)

Patients on non-insulin therapies²

Baseline

8.5%

Post

FreeStyle Libre 2 System

7.6%



($P < .0001$)

Significant A1C reduction in patients on non-insulin therapies at 6 months

RWD on change in A1C in patients with T2D taking non-insulin therapies (oral agents, GLP-1 receptor agonists) after use of the FreeStyle Libre 2 system for 6 months (n = 497) and 12 months (n = 120)

In the 12-month group, patients using the FreeStyle Libre 2 system demonstrated significant A1C reduction of 0.7% ($P < .0001$)

GLP-1, glucagon-like peptide 1; RWD, real-world data; T2D, type 2 diabetes.

Data collected with the FreeStyle Libre system. The FreeStyle Libre 2 system has the same features as the FreeStyle Libre system but with optional real-time glucose alarms. Therefore, study data are applicable to both products.

References: 1. Kröger J, Fasching P, Hanaire H. Three European retrospective real-world chart review studies to determine the effectiveness of flash glucose monitoring on HbA1c in adults with type 2 diabetes. *Diabetes Ther.* 2020;11(1):279-291.

2. Miller E, Brandner L, Wright E. HbA1c reduction after initiation of the FreeStyle Libre system in type 2 diabetes patients on long-acting insulin or non-insulin therapy [84-LB]. Poster presented at: 80th Scientific Sessions of the American Diabetes Association: June 12-16, 2020; Virtual.

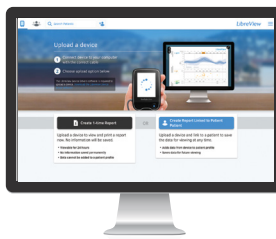
Seamlessly manage your patients' diabetes with free digital health tools



For **patients**

FreeStyle *Libre* 2

- Patients can use the FreeStyle Libre 2 app to easily share their glucose data with you
- Automatically uploads* glucose data to LibreView for easy HCP access



For **HCPs**

LibreView

- A secure cloud-based system that enables you to access reports on demand and virtually



Recommend the **FreeStyle Libre 2 system** to your patients today.

Visit **EasytoFreeStyle.ca** to learn more.



life. to the fullest.®

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LibreView is developed, distributed, and supported by Newyu, Inc. The LibreView data management software is intended for use by both patients and healthcare professionals to assist people with diabetes and their healthcare professionals in the review, analysis, and evaluation of historical glucose meter data to support effective diabetes management. The LibreView software is not intended to provide treatment decisions or to be used as a substitute for professional healthcare advice. The LibreView website is only compatible with certain operating systems and browsers. Please check www.LibreView.com for additional information.

* Use of FreeStyle Libre 2 requires registration with LibreView. Automatic upload requires a wireless internet connection or mobile data connection.

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ADC-24761 v2.0